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SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Examiner # (Mandatory): 73476 Requester's Full Name: MICHAEL PAIKArt Unit 11646 Location (Bldg/Room#): CM1/10E13 Phone (circle) 305 306 308 7038Serial Number: 09/1163, 713 Results Format Preferred (circle) PAPER DISK E-MAIL

Title of Invention _____

Inventors (please provide full names): _____

Earliest Priority Date: _____

Keywords (include any known synonyms registry numbers, explanation of initialisms): _____

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Search Topic:

claims attached

Please write detailed statement of the search topic, and the concept of the invention. Describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples of relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. You may include a copy of the abstract and the broadcast or most relevant claim(s).

Please search claims 6, 12, 14 sequence L1X, V2L2L3

search SEQ ID NO: 1-17

Interference & commercial database

Thanks

P

Point of Contact:

Alex Wacławiw

Technical Info. Specialist
CM1 12C14 Tel: 308-4491

STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher: _____

Searcher Phone #: _____

Searcher Location: _____

Date Picked Up: 1-6-00Date Completed: 1-6-00Clerical Prep Time: 20Terminal Time: 62

Number of Databases: _____

Type of Search

____ N.A. Sequence

18 X A.A. Sequence

____ Structure (#)

____ Bibliographic

mode 15 Litigation1

____ Fulltext

____ Procurement

____ Other

Vendors (include cost where applicable)

X STN

____ Questel/Orbit

____ Lexis/Nexis

____ WWW/Internet

____ In-house sequence systems (list)

____ Dialog

____ Dr. Link

____ Westlaw

X Other (specify) musper

45-52

prop 3
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① 5 20
4
30
18
57
3
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62

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seq. search -STW

Pak 09/163,713

=> d his

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:38:12 ON 06 JAN 2000)

DEL HIS Y

ACT PAK/A

L1 (341696)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON [IMLVFWY]..[IMLVFWY][IMLVFWY]/SQSP
L2 36490 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND SQL<15

L3 25666 S L2 AND SQL<11 *Claim 6,12,14 sequence.*
ACT PAK2/A

L4 (183)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
KLVLQTTT|ILHRLLE|LLRYLLDK|LLRYLLD|L

L5 (25)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
QLLRYLLDKD|HQLLRYLLDKD|PQAQQKSLLOQLLT

L6 193 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L4 OR L5 - *seq's 1-17*

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:40:48 ON 06 JAN 2000

L7 26806 S L3

L8 152 S L6

L9 699 S NUCLEAR (L) HORMONE (L) RECEPTOR#

L10 5 S L7 AND L9

L11 10 S L8 AND L9

SELECT RN HIT L10 1-5

SELECT RN HIT L11 1-10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:46:07 ON 06 JAN 2000

L12 22 S E64-85

L13 22 S L12 AND L3

L14 34 S E86-119

L15 34 S L14 AND L6

L16 19 S L15 NOT L13

Pak 09/163,713

=> fil reg

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 JAN 2000 HIGHEST RN 252213-30-2
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 JAN 2000 HIGHEST RN 252213-30-2

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 13, 1999

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(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:38:12 ON 06 JAN 2000)
DEL HIS Y
ACT PAK/A

L1 (341696)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON [IMLVFWY]..[IMLVFWY][IMLVFWY]/SQSP
L2 36490 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND SQL<15

L3 25666 S L2 AND SQL<11 *Chem 6, 12, 14*

L4 (183)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
KLVLQLLTTT|ILHRLLE|LLRYLLDK|LLRYLLD|L
RYLLD|LLRYLL|LRYLL|LLRYLLDKD/SQSP
L5 (25)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
QLLRYLLDKD|HQLLRYLLDKD|PQAQQKSLQQLLT
|LLQQLLTE|VTLLQLLG|ILRKLLE|ILKRLLE|ILRRLLE|ILKLLLE/SQSP
L6 193 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L4 OR L5 *SEA'S 1-17*

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:48:14 ON 06 JAN 2000
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FILE COVERS 1967 - 6 Jan 2000 VOL 132 ISS 2
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Jan 2000 (20000104/ED)

Pak 09/163,713

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'HCAPLUS' FILE

=> d hsi 17-

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=> d his 17-

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:38:12 ON 06 JAN 2000)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:40:48 ON 06 JAN 2000
L7 26806 S L3
L8 152 S L6
L9 699 S NUCLEAR (L) HORMONE (L) RECEPTOR#
L10 5 S L7 AND L9
L11 10 S L8 AND L9
SELECT RN HIT L10 1-5
SELECT RN HIT L11 1-10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:46:07 ON 06 JAN 2000
L12 22 S E64-85
L13 22 S L12 AND L3
L14 34 S E86-119
L15 34 S L14 AND L6
L16 19 S L15 NOT L13

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:47:42 ON 06 JAN 2000

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:48:14 ON 06 JAN 2000

=> d .ca 110 1-5;d .ca 111 1-10

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:641077 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:267023
TITLE: Compositions and methods for detecting
ligand-dependent nuclear receptor and coactivator
interactions for drug screening
INVENTOR(S): Northrop, Jeffrey Paul; Hart, Charles Praray; Schatz,
Peter Joseph
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo Group Ltd., UK
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
WO 9950664	A1	19991007	WO 1999-US7168	19990401	
<p>W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM</p> <p>RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG</p>					
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-53611	19980401	
AB	<p>The invention provides a method based upon the two hybrid system for examg. the interactions of nuclear receptors. The invention is addnl. directed to compns. for use in the assay and a method of identifying ligands of nuclear receptors and their coactivator or corepressor proteins. The use of nuclear receptor:coactivator interactions as a means for identifying and categorizing nuclear receptor ligands to be used in high-throughput screening was evaluated. A direct interaction assay suitable for in vitro use with enzymic readout (ELISA) was constructed using fusion proteins contg. TR (thyroid hormone receptor) or ER (estrogen receptor) ligand-binding domains and fragments of the coactivator protein, SRC-1. Specific, ligand-dependent interaction was demonstrated.</p>				
IC	ICM G01N033-53				
CC	ICS G01N033-567; G01N033-542; C07K002-00; C07K004-00; C07K016-00				
ST	1-1 (Pharmacology)				
IT	Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3, 9				
IT	ligand nuclear receptor coactivator interaction; drug screening ligand nuclear receptor coactivator; thyroid hormone receptor fusion protein; estrogen receptor fusion protein				
IT	Proteins (specific proteins and subclasses)				
IT	<p>RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)</p> <p>(SMRT (silencing mediator of retinoic acid and thyroid hormone receptor); compns. and methods for detecting ligand-dependent nuclear receptor and coactivator interactions for drug screening)</p>				
IT	Estrogen receptors				
IT	Thyroid hormone receptors				
IT	<p>RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)</p> <p>(ligand-binding domain of, fusion proteins contg.; compns. and methods for detecting ligand-dependent nuclear receptor and coactivator interactions for drug screening)</p>				
IT	245343-89-9P	245343-90-2P	245343-91-3P	245343-92-4P	245343-93-5P
	245343-94-6P	245343-95-7P	245343-96-8P	245343-97-9P	
	245343-98-0P	245343-99-1P	245344-00-7P	245344-01-8P	
	245344-02-9P	245344-03-0P	245344-04-1P	245344-05-2P	245344-06-3P
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN				

(Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(screening of, with immobilized GST-estrogen receptor in presence of estradiol; compns. and methods for detecting ligand-dependent nuclear receptor and coactivator interactions for drug screening)

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:641074 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:282013

TITLE: Methods and compounds for modulating nuclear receptor activity

INVENTOR(S): Shiau, Andrew; Kushner, Peter J.; Agard, David A.; Greene, Geoffrey L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of California, USA; Arch Development Corp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 207 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9950658	A2	19991007	WO 1999-US6937	19990330
W: AU, CA, JP, KR, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
WO 9960014	A2	19991125	WO 1999-US6899	19990330
W: AU, CA, JP, KR				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
 US 1998-PV79956 19980330
 US 1998-PV113014 19981216
 US 1998-PV113146 19981216

AB The present invention relates to methods and agonist/antagonist compds. for modulating nuclear receptor activity, and nuclear receptor ligand binding. The invention includes a method for identifying residues comprising a ligand binding domain for a nuclear receptor of interest. Also included in a method of identifying agonists and/or antagonists that bind to the ligand binding domain of the nuclear receptors, and the estrogen receptor in particular. The invention is exemplified by identification and manipulation of the ligand binding domain of the estrogen receptor and compds. that bind to this site. The methods can be applied to other nuclear receptors including TR, GR and PR.

IC ICM G01N033-48

CC 2-1 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT Androgen receptors

Estrogen receptors

Glucocorticoid receptors

Ligands

Mineralocorticoid receptors

Nuclear receptors

Peptides, biological studies

Progesterone receptors

Retinoid receptors

Thyroid hormone receptors

Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);
PROC (Process)

(screening for compds. modulating nuclear receptor activity)

IT 50-28-2, 17.beta.-Estradiol, biological studies 56-53-1,
Diethylstilbestrol 84-16-2, Mesohexestrol 143-50-0, Kepone
479-13-0,

Coumestrol 789-02-6 1972-08-3, .DELTA.9-Thc 10540-29-1, Tamoxifen
17924-92-4, Zearalenone 34816-55-2, Moxestrol 84449-90-1, Raloxifene
98007-99-9 155701-61-4, Gw5638 182167-03-9, Em800 205128-72-9
245122-98-9 245122-99-0 245123-00-6 245123-01-7
245123-02-8 245123-03-9 245123-04-0 245123-05-1 245123-06-2
245123-07-3 245123-08-4 245123-09-5 245676-26-0 245676-32-8
245676-38-4 245676-43-1 245676-45-3 245676-46-4 245676-47-5
245676-49-7 245676-54-4 246236-26-0

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);
PROC (Process)

(screening for compds. modulating nuclear receptor activity)

IT **245742-95-4 245742-96-5**

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; methods and compds. for modulating
nuclear
receptor activity)

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:632635 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:346702

TITLE: NRIF3 is a novel coactivator mediating functional
specificity of **nuclear hormone
receptors**

AUTHOR(S): Li, Dangsheng; Desai-Yajnik, Vandana; Lo, Eric;
Schapira, Matthieu; Abagyan, Ruben; Samuels, Herbert
H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Endocrinology, Departments of
Medicine and Pharmacology, New York University School
of Medicine, New York, New York, NY, 10016, USA

SOURCE: Mol. Cell. Biol. (1999), 19(10), 7191-7202
CODEN: MCEBD4; ISSN: 0270-7306

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Many nuclear receptors are capable of recognizing similar DNA elements.
The mol. event(s) underlying the functional specificities of these
receptors (in regulating the expression of their native target genes) is

a
very important issue that remains poorly understood. Here the authors
report the cloning and anal. of a novel nuclear receptor coactivator
(designated NRIF3) that exhibits a distinct receptor specificity.
Fluorescence microscopy shows that NRIF3 localizes to the cell nucleus.
The yeast two-hybrid and/or in vitro binding assays indicated that NRIF3
specifically interacts with the thyroid hormone receptor (TR) and
retinoid

X receptor (RXR) in a ligand-dependent fashion but does not bind to the
retinoic acid receptor, vitamin D receptor, progesterone receptor,
glucocorticoid receptor, or estrogen receptor. Functional expts. showed

that NRIF3 significantly potentiates TR- and RXR-mediated transactivation in vivo but has little effect on other examd. nuclear receptors. Domain and mutagenesis analyses indicated that a novel C-terminal domain in

NRIF3

plays an essential role in its specific interaction with liganded TR and RXR while the N-terminal LXXLL motif plays a minor role in allowing optimum interaction. Computer modeling and subsequent exptl. anal. suggested that the C-terminal domain of NRIF3 directly mediates interaction with liganded receptors through an LXXIL (a variant of the canonical LXXLL) module while the other part of the NRIF3 protein may still play a role in conferring its receptor specificity. Identification of a coactivator with such a unique receptor specificity may provide new insight into the mol. mechanism(s) of receptor-mediated transcriptional activation as well as the functional specificities of nuclear receptors.

CC 2-2 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 3

ST NRIF3 coactivator sequence human; transcription factor NRIF3

nuclear receptor binding structure; thyroid

hormone receptor NRIF3 coactivator binding structure;

retinoid RXR **receptor** NRIF3 coactivator binding structure

IT Transcription factors

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); PRP

(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)

(NRIF3 (**nuclear receptor**-interacting factor 3);

sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in

transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone**

receptors)

IT Transcriptional regulation

(activation; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in

transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone**

receptors)

IT Retinoid X **receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(complexes with retinoate; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and

involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

hormone receptors)

IT Thyroid **hormone receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(complexes with triiodothyronine; sequencing of human NRIF3

coactivator

and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

hormone receptors)

IT **Hormone receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(**nuclear**; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and

involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

hormone receptors)

IT Structure-activity relationship

(**receptor**-binding; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and

involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

hormone receptors)

IT Cell nucleus

Molecular modeling

Protein sequences

cDNA sequences

.alpha.-Helix

(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in

- transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Retinoid X **receptors**
Thyroid **hormone receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Protein motifs
(transcriptional factor NRIF3 C-terminal domain; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 250677-92-0
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)
(amino acid sequence; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 243888-17-7, GenBank AF175306
RL: PRP (Properties)
(nucleotide sequence; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 153559-57-0, LG100153
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 5300-03-8, 9-cis-Retinoic acid 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 5300-03-8D, 9-cis-Retinoic acid, **receptor** complexes 6893-02-3D, Triiodothyronine, **receptor** complexes
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 61-90-5, Leucine, biological studies
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(transcriptional factor C-terminal domain; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 250591-21-0 250591-22-1
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(transcriptional factor NRIF3 C-terminal domain; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:687
 TITLE: **Nuclear hormone receptor**
 drug screens
 INVENTOR(S): Lustig, Kevin; Baeuerle, Patrick; Beckmann, Holger;
 Chen, Jin-Long; Shan, Bei
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tularik Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9927365	A1	19990603	WO 1998-US24969	19981120
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9915989	A1	19990615	AU 1999-15989	19981120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-975614	19971121
			US 1998-163713	19980930
			WO 1998-US24969	19981120

AB Methods for identifying modulators of nuclear hormone receptor function comprise the steps of (a) forming a mixt. comprising a nuclear hormone receptor, a peptide sensor and a candidate agent, but not a natural coactivator protein of the receptor, wherein the sensor provides direct, in vitro binding to the receptor under assay conditions; (b) measuring an agent-biased binding of the sensor to the receptor; and (c) comparing the agent-biased binding with a corresponding unbiased binding of the sensor to the receptor. In particular embodiments, the sensor comprises an amphipathic alpha helix nuclear hormone interacting domain comprising a recited nuclear hormone transcriptional coactivator motif sequence, the sensor is present at sub-micromolar concn., the binding reaction occurs in soln., the sensor comprises a fluorescent label and the measuring step comprises detecting fluorescence polarization of the label. Reagents include labeled sensor peptides and reaction mixts. consisting essentially of nuclear hormone receptor, a peptide and a candidate.

IC ICM G01N033-53
 ICS G01N033-566

CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2

ST drug screening **nuclear hormone receptor**
 ligand; peptide sensor **nuclear receptor** ligand
 screening

IT Thyroid **hormone receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (4, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (COR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (COUP-TF.alpha. and COUP-TF.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method
 for
 screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**
receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (COUP-TF.gamma., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of
 ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Steroid receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DAX-1; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear**
hormone receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ERR (estrogen-related **receptor**) .alpha. and .beta.,
 ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FXR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)

IT **Orphan receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (GCNF (germ cell **nuclear** factor), ligand-binding domain of;
 method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**
receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (HZF-2.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of
 ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LXR.alpha. and LXR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for
 screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**
receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MB67.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of
 ligands
 of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Transcription factors**

- RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(NGFI-B.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of
ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(NOR1 (neuron-derived orphan **receptor**-1), ligand-binding
domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear
hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(NURR1 (Nur-related factor 1), ligand-binding domain of; method for
screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Nur-77, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT Retinoid **receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ROR.alpha. (retinoid orphan **receptor** .alpha.),
ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT Retinoid **receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(RZR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands
of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Rev-ErbA.alpha. and Rev-ErbA.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method
for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(SHP, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(TOR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT Steroid **receptors**
Thyroid **hormone receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(TR2-11 (thyroid/steroid **hormone receptor** 2-11),
.alpha. and .beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of
ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);

- ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Tlx, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT Avidins
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(immobilized; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear
hormone receptors**)
- IT Epitopes
(labels; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear
hormone receptors**)
- IT Peroxisome proliferator-activated **receptor** .gamma.
Steroidogenic factor 1
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT Biosensors
Drug screening
Drugs
Fluorescent indicators
Protein sequences
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT Ligands
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT Antibodies
Peptides, uses
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT **Hormone receptors**
Nuclear receptors
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT HNF-4 (hepatocyte **nuclear** factor 4)
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT 58-85-5, Biotin 13558-31-1D, derivs.
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(label; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear
hormone receptors**)
- IT 2140-46-7, 25-Hydroxycholesterol 5300-03-8, 9-cis-Retinoic acid
17752-16-8, 24-Ketocholesterol 17954-98-2 22348-64-7 30271-38-6,
24-Hydroxycholesterol 72542-49-5, 24,25-Epoxycholesterol 122320-73-4,
BRL 49653
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone
receptors**)
- IT 50812-37-8D, Glutathione S-transferase, fusion protein with

nuclear hormone receptor ligand-binding domain

202394-77-2 214893-80-8 215598-57-5
 215598-58-6 215598-59-7 215598-60-0
 225916-28-9 225916-29-0 225916-30-3
 225916-31-4 225916-32-5 225916-33-6
 225916-34-7 225916-35-8 225916-36-9
 225916-37-0 225916-38-1

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
 (method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:71152 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:150402

TITLE: Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors
 INVENTOR(S): Chambon, Pierre; Gronemeyer, Hinrich; Voegel, Johannes; Lutz, Yves

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut National De La Sante Et De La Recherche Medicale, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche Scientifique; Universite Louis Pasteur; Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9802455	A2	19980122	WO 1997-US12100	19970711
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 939810	A2	19990908	EP 1997-932575	19970711
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-21247	19960712
			WO 1997-US12100	19970711

AB The present invention concerns a nuclear receptor (NR) transcriptional mediator. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid mols. are provided encoding transcriptional intermediary factor-2 (TIF2). Nuclear receptors (NRs) act as ligand-inducible transcription factors which regulate the expression of target genes upon binding to cognate response elements.

The ligand-dependent activity of the NR activation function AF-2 is believed to be mediated to the transcription machinery through transcriptional mediators/intermediary factors (TIFs). This invention describes the cloning of the 160-kDa human nuclear protein TIF2, which exhibits all properties expected for a mediator of AF-2: (1) it interacts in vivo with NRs in an agonist-dependent manner; (2) it binds directly to the ligand-binding domains (LBDs) of NRs in an agonist- and AF-2-integrity-dependent manner in vitro; (3) it harbors an autonomous transcriptional activation function; (4) it relieves nuclear receptor autosquelching; and (5) it enhances the activity of some nuclear receptor

AF-2s when overexpressed in mammalian cells. TIF2 exhibits partial sequence homol. with the recently isolated steroid receptor coactivator SRC-1, indicating the existence of a novel gene family of nuclear receptor transcriptional mediators. Recombinant methods for making TIF2 polypeptides are also provided as are TIF2 antibodies. Screening methods are also provided for identifying agonists and antagonists of the activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors, for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD1 activation domain activity of TIF2, and for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD2 activation domain activity of TIF2.

IC ICM C07K014-00
 CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 6, 13

IT Androgen receptors
 Estrogen receptors
 Glucocorticoid receptors
 Nuclear receptors
 Progesterone receptors
 Retinoic acid receptor .alpha.
 Retinoic acid receptors
 Retinoid X receptors
 Thyroid hormone receptors
 Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202394-75-0P 202394-76-1P 202394-77-2P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:359735 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:687

TITLE: Nuclear hormone receptor drug screens

INVENTOR(S): Lustig, Kevin; Baeuerle, Patrick; Beckmann, Holger; Chen, Jin-Long; Shan, Bei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tularik Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9927365 A1 19990603 WO 1998-US24969 19981120
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
AU 9915989 A1 19990615 AU 1999-15989 19981120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-975614 19971121
 US 1998-163713 19980930
 WO 1998-US24969 19981120

AB Methods for identifying modulators of nuclear hormone receptor function
comprise the steps of (a) forming a mixt. comprising a nuclear hormone
receptor, a peptide sensor and a candidate agent, but not a natural
coactivator protein of the receptor, wherein the sensor provides direct,
in vitro binding to the receptor under assay conditions; (b) measuring an
agent-biased binding of the sensor to the receptor; and (c) comparing the
agent-biased binding with a corresponding unbiased binding of the sensor
to the receptor. In particular embodiments, the sensor comprises an
amphipathic alpha helix nuclear hormone interacting domain comprising a
recited nuclear hormone transcriptional coactivator motif sequence, the
sensor is present at sub-micromolar concn., the binding reaction occurs
in
soln., the sensor comprises a fluorescent label and the measuring step
comprises detecting fluorescence polarization of the label. Reagents
include labeled sensor peptides and reaction mixts. consisting
essentially
of nuclear hormone receptor, a peptide and a candidate.

IC ICM G01N033-53
ICS G01N033-566

CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)
Section cross-reference(s): 2

ST drug screening **nuclear hormone receptor**
ligand; peptide sensor **nuclear receptor** ligand
screening

IT **Thyroid hormone receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(4, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(COR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(COUP-TF.alpha. and COUP-TF.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method
for
screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**
receptors)

IT **Nuclear receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

- (COUP-TF.gamma., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Steroid **receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (DAX-1; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ERR (estrogen-related **receptor**) .alpha. and .beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (FXR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (GCNF (germ cell **nuclear** factor), ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (HZF-2.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (LXR.alpha. and LXR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (MB67.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Transcription factors
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (NGFI-B.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (NOR1 (neuron-derived orphan **receptor**-1), ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (NURR1 (Nur-related factor 1), ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**)

- receptors)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Nur-77, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT **Retinoid receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ROR.alpha. (retinoid orphan **receptor** .alpha.),
 ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT **Retinoid receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (RZR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands
 of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Rev-ErbA.alpha. and Rev-ErbA.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method
 for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**
receptors)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (SHP, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TOR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT **Steroid receptors**
Thyroid hormone receptors
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (TR2-11 (thyroid/steroid **hormone receptor** 2-11),
 .alpha. and .beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of
 ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Tlx, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of
nuclear hormone receptors)
- IT **Avidins**
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
 (immobilized; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear**
hormone receptors)
- IT **Epitopes**
 (labels; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear**
hormone receptors)
- IT **Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor .gamma.**
Steroidogenic factor 1
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of

- nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT Biosensors
Drug screening
Drugs
Fluorescent indicators
Protein sequences
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT Ligands
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT Antibodies
Peptides, uses
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT **Hormone receptors**
Nuclear receptors
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT HNF-4 (hepatocyte **nuclear** factor 4)
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT 58-85-5, Biotin 13558-31-1D, derivs.
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(label; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT 2140-46-7, 25-Hydroxycholesterol 5300-03-8, 9-cis-Retinoic acid 17752-16-8, 24-Ketocholesterol 17954-98-2 22348-64-7 30271-38-6, 24-Hydroxycholesterol 72542-49-5, 24,25-Epoxycholesterol 122320-73-4, BRL 49653
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT 50812-37-8D, Glutathione S-transferase, fusion protein with **nuclear hormone receptor** ligand-binding domain
202394-77-2 214893-80-8 215598-57-5
215598-58-6 215598-59-7 215598-60-0
225916-28-9 225916-29-0 225916-30-3
225916-31-4 225916-32-5 225916-33-6
225916-34-7 225916-35-8 225916-36-9
225916-37-0 225916-38-1
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:8011 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:62064

TITLE: Transcription factor coactivator protein p/CIP binds

INVENTOR(S): CBP and mediates nuclear receptor function
Rosenfield, Michael G.; Glass, Christopher K.; Rose,
David W.; Torchia, Joseph
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Regents of the University of California, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9856806	A1	19981217	WO 1998-US12263	19980612
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9881421	A1	19981230	AU 1998-81421	19980612
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-49452 19970612				
WO 1998-US12263 19980612				
AB	The present invention provides a substantially purified nucleic acid mol. encoding a p/CIP polypeptide, which regulates the activity of CBP/p300-dependent transcription factors. The invention also provides a substantially purified p-CIP polypeptide and active fragments thereof. Factor p/CIP is present in the cell as a complex with CBP and is required for transcriptional activity of nuclear receptors and other CBP/p300-dependent transcription factors. NCoA-1 and NCoA-2 are also provided, and are required for activation of genes by nuclear receptors. All 3 factors contains related leucine-rich charged helical interaction motifs that are required for receptor-specific mechanisms of gene activation, and allow the selective inhibition of distinct signal-transduction pathways. In addn., the invention provides methods			
of	identifying an effective agent that alters the assocn. of a p/CIP polypeptide with a second protein. Further provided herein are methods			
of	selectively inhibiting signal transduction pathways using an active fragment of a p/CIP polypeptide or a nucleic acid mol. encoding such an active fragment.			
IC	ICM C07H021-04			
CC	ICS C07K014-00; C12N015-12; G01N033-53			
IT	3-3 (Biochemical Genetics) Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13 ERE (estrogen-responsive element) Estrogen receptors Nuclear receptors Progesterone receptors Retinoic acid receptors TRE (thyroid hormone-response element) Thyroid hormone receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (transcription factor coactivator protein p/CIP binds CBP and mediates			

nuclear receptor function)

IT **193488-33-4**, Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-assocd. protein) (mouse) **193488-34-5**, Transcription factor NCoA-2 (nuclear receptor co-activator 2) (mouse) **218134-59-9** 218134-60-2 218134-61-3 **218134-62-4** 218134-63-5 **218134-64-6**

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; transcription factor coactivator protein p/CIP binds CBP and mediates nuclear receptor function)

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:803920 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:48285

TITLE: Identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear hormone receptors**

INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D.; Lee, Jae Woon

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The General Hospital Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 69 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 969,136, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5846711	A	19981208	US 1994-222719	19940404
US 5866686	A	19990202	US 1995-470925	19950606
US 5962256	A	19991005	US 1995-471613	19950606
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-969136	19921030
			US 1994-222719	19940404

AB A method for detg. whether a test protein is capable of interacting with a nuclear hormone receptor protein based on the in vivo interaction trap system is described. The method uses a host cell carrying a reporter gene under control of a protein binding site; a chimeric gene for a fusion protein of a nuclear hormone receptor and a binding moiety capable of specifically binding to the protein binding site; and a second chimeric gene for a fusion protein of the test protein covalently bonded to a weak gene activating moiety. The effect of the test protein on the level of expression of the reporter gene is detd.: if it increases expression of the reporter gene then this indicates its ability to interact with the nuclear hormone receptor protein. Such an interaction may be hormone dependent, hormone independent, or hormone sensitive. A no. of proteins interacting with a thyroid hormone receptor were identified using a fusion protein of the receptor and the lexA protein and a fusion protein of the candidate with the weak B42 activation domain to activate expression of the LEU2 gene.

IC ICM C12Q001-68

ICS C12P021-06; C12N015-00; C07H017-00

NCL 435006000

CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

ST **nuclear hormone receptor** binding protein
assay; sequence human thyroid **hormone receptor** binding
protein cDNA

IT Transcription factors
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BPR (Biological process); ANST
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(B42, test protein fused to; identification of polypeptides that
interact with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Chimeric genes
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
(for **nuclear hormone receptors** and
transcription activators; identification of polypeptides that interact
with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Reporter genes
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear
hormone receptors**)

IT Antibodies
Thyroid **hormone receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); ANST
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear
hormone receptors**)

IT Ligands
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear
hormone receptors**)

IT Genetic methods
(in vivo trap interaction; identification of polypeptides that
interact
with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Receptors**
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); ANST
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(**nuclear hormone**; identification of polypeptides
that interact with **nuclear hormone
receptors**)

IT 158105-03-4, Thyroid **hormone receptor**-binding protein
S309a-(human) 158105-04-5, Thyroid **hormone receptor**
-binding protein S223a-fragment (human) 158105-05-6, Thyroid
hormone receptor-binding protein S110a-fragment (human)
158124-33-5, Thyroid **hormone receptor**-binding protein
S110a-(human) 158163-11-2, Thyroid **hormone receptor**
-binding protein S101a (human) 158163-19-0, Thyroid
hormone receptor-binding protein S205a (human)
158163-20-3, Thyroid **hormone receptor**-binding protein
S107a-(human) 158163-28-1 158163-29-2 158163-30-5 158708-22-6
158708-23-7 158708-24-8 158708-25-9 158708-26-0 158708-27-1
158708-28-2 158708-29-3 158708-30-6 158708-31-7 158708-32-8
158708-33-9 158708-34-0 158708-35-1 158708-36-2 158708-37-3
158708-38-4 158708-39-5 158708-40-8 158708-41-9 158708-42-0
158708-43-1 158708-44-2 158708-45-3 158708-46-4 158708-47-5
158708-48-6 158708-49-7 158708-50-0 158708-51-1 158708-52-2
158708-53-3 158708-54-4 158708-55-5 158708-56-6 158708-57-7
158708-58-8 158708-59-9 158708-60-2 158708-61-3 158708-62-4
158708-63-5 158708-64-6 158708-65-7
RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);

PROC (Process)
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:646711 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:11699

TITLE: Mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction

between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the coactivator TIF2

AUTHOR(S): Leers, Jorg; Treuter, Eckardt; Gustafsson, Jan-Ake
CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Biotechnology, Department of Biosciences, Karolinska Institute, NOVUM, Huddinge, S-14157, Swed.

SOURCE: Mol. Cell. Biol. (1998), 18(10), 6001-6013
CODEN: MCEBD4; ISSN: 0270-7306

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Nuclear hormone receptors exert transcriptional activation of target genes

upon hormone induction via interactions with the basal transcription machinery. This interaction is mediated by cofactors which phys. bind to receptors, thereby acting as coactivators or corepressors leading to activation or repression, resp. Here we report the screening for and cloning of a peroxisome proliferator receptor-interacting protein, the

rat homolog of TIF2. By sequence comparison with the related coactivator SRC-1, we identified three short conserved motifs (NR boxes) in both proteins which are the putative binding sites of TIF2 to nuclear hormone receptors. We demonstrate here by generation of amino acid exchanges within the NR boxes that all three boxes located in the receptor interaction domain of TIF2 are necessary and sufficient for interaction. The three boxes individually can bind to hormone receptors but display preferences in binding for certain receptors. In addn., we show that the interaction domain of TIF2 can compete with other AF-2-dependent

cofactors for binding to receptors. Finally, we demonstrate cooperative binding of two TIF2 mols. to a heterodimeric nuclear receptor complex even in the presence of only one cognate ligand, indicating an allosteric effect on the heterodimeric partner upon coactivator binding.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3

ST coactivator TIF2 NR box **hormone receptor**; TIF2 NR **nuclear hormone receptor** interaction; rat coactivator TIF2 protein sequence

IT Protein motifs

(NR boxes and IAD domain (central interaction domain); mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the coactivator TIF2)

IT Transcription factors

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(TIF2; mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the coactivator TIF2)

IT Conformation (protein)

Molecular association

Protein sequences

Rat

(mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between
nuclear hormone receptors and the
coactivator TIF2)

IT Retinoid X **receptor** .alpha.

Retinoid X **receptor** .beta.

Thyroid **hormone receptor** .alpha.

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between
nuclear hormone receptors and the
coactivator TIF2)

IT Peroxisome proliferator-activated **receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(.alpha.; mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction
between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the
coactivator TIF2)

IT **216067-47-9**, Transcription factor TIF2 (rat reduced)

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);
PROC (Process)

(amino acid sequence; mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent
interaction between **nuclear hormone**
receptors and the coactivator TIF2)

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:71152 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:150402

TITLE: Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa
transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent
activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors

INVENTOR(S): Chambon, Pierre; Gronemeyer, Hinrich; Voegel,
Johannes; Lutz, Yves

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut National De La Sante Et De La Recherche
Medicale, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche
Scientifique; Universite Louis Pasteur; Bristol-Myers
Squibb Company

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9802455	A2	19980122	WO 1997-US12100	19970711
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 939810	A2	19990908	EP 1997-932575	19970711
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-21247	19960712
			WO 1997-US12100	19970711

AB The present invention concerns a nuclear receptor (NR) transcriptional
mediator. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid mols. are provided

encoding transcriptional intermediary factor-2 (TIF2). Nuclear receptors (NRs) act as ligand-inducible transcription factors which regulate the expression of target genes upon binding to cognate response elements.

The

ligand-dependent activity of the NR activation function AF-2 is believed to be mediated to the transcription machinery through transcriptional mediators/intermediary factors (TIFs). This invention describes the cloning of the 160-kDa human nuclear protein TIF2, which exhibits all properties expected for a mediator of AF-2: (1) it interacts in vivo with NRs in an agonist-dependent manner; (2) it binds directly to the ligand-binding domains (LBDs) of NRs in an agonist- and AF-2-integrity-dependent manner in vitro; (3) it harbors an autonomous transcriptional activation function; (4) it relieves nuclear receptor autosquelching; and (5) it enhances the activity of some nuclear receptor AF-2s when overexpressed in mammalian cells. TIF2 exhibits partial sequence homol. with the recently isolated steroid receptor coactivator SRC-1, indicating the existence of a novel gene family of nuclear

receptor

transcriptional mediators. Recombinant methods for making TIF2 polypeptides are also provided as are TIF2 antibodies. Screening methods are also provided for identifying agonists and antagonists of the activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors, for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD1 activation domain activity of TIF2, and for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD2 activation domain

activity

of TIF2.

IC ICM C07K014-00

CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 6, 13

IT Androgen receptors

Estrogen receptors

Glucocorticoid receptors

Nuclear receptors

Progesterone receptors

Retinoic acid receptor .alpha.

Retinoic acid receptors

Retinoid X receptors

Thyroid **hormone receptors**

Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of **nuclear receptors**)

IT 202486-16-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
(TIF2.1 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a

160-kDa

transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-18-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
(TIF2.3 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a

160-kDa

transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-19-9P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (TIF2.4 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-20-2P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (TIF2.5 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-13-3P 202486-14-4P 202486-15-5P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (amino acid sequence; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202394-75-0P 202394-76-1P 202394-77-2P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:729604 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:58750

TITLE: TRAM-1, a novel 160-kDa thyroid hormone receptor activator molecule, exhibits distinct properties from steroid receptor coactivator-1

AUTHOR(S): Takeshita, Akira; Cardona, Guemalli R.; Koibuchi, Noriyuki; Suen, Chen-Shian; Chin, William W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Genetics, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: J. Biol. Chem. (1997), 272(44), 27629-27634

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Nuclear hormone receptors (NRs) are ligand-dependent transcription factors

that regulate target gene transcription. The authors report the mol. cloning and characterization of a novel human cDNA encoding TRAM-1, a thyroid hormone receptor activator mol.; a .apprx.160-kDa protein homologous with SRC-1/TIF2, by far-Western-based expression screening. TRAM-1 binds to thyroid hormone receptor (TR) and other NRs in a

ligand-dependent manner and enhances ligand-induced transcriptional activity of TR. The AF-2 region in NRs has been thought to play a crit. role in mediating ligand-dependent transactivation by the interaction with coactivators. Surprisingly, TRAM-1 retains strong ligand-dependent interaction with an AF-2 mutant of TR (E457A), while SRC-1 fails to interact with this mutant. Furthermore, the authors identified a crit. TRAM-1 binding site in rat TR.beta.1 outside of AF-2, as TRAM-1 shows weak ligand-dependent interaction with a helix 3 ligand binding domain TR mutant (K288A), compared with SRC-1. These results suggest that TRAM-1 is a coactivator that may exhibit its activity by interacting with subdomains of NRs other than the AF-2 region, in contrast to SRC-1/TIF2.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3

IT Transcription factors
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (SRC-1 (steroid **receptor** coactivator-1); cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Transcription factors
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (TRAM-1 (thyroid **hormone receptors** activator mol. 1); cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Protein motifs
 Protein sequences
 Transcriptional regulation
 cDNA sequences
 (cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Estrogen **receptors**
Hormone receptors
 Retinoic acid **receptors**
 Retinoid X **receptors**
 TRE (thyroid **hormone**-response element)
 Thyroid **hormone receptors**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Thyroid **hormone receptor** .beta.1
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

- IT 200222-66-8P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (amino acid sequence; cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 199491-28-6, GenBank AF016031
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
 (nucleotide sequence; cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:401373 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:157534
 TITLE: The transcriptional co-activator p/CIP binds CBP and mediates nuclear-receptor function
 AUTHOR(S): Torchia, Joseph; Rose, David W.; Inostroza, Juan; Kamei, Yasutomi; Westin, Stefan; Glass, Christopher K.; Rosenfeld, Michael G.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Howard Hughes Med. Inst., Univ. California, San Diego,
 La Jolla, CA, 92093-0648, USA
 SOURCE: Nature (London) (1997), 387(6634), 677-684
 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836
 PUBLISHER: Macmillan Magazines
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

- AB The functionally conserved proteins CBP and p300 act in conjunction with other factors to activate transcription of DNA. A new factor, p/CIP, has been discovered that is present in the cell as a complex with CBP and is required for transcriptional activity of nuclear receptors and other CBP/p300-dependent transcription factors. The highly related nuclear-receptor co-activator protein NCoA-1 is also specifically required for ligand-dependent activation of genes by nuclear receptors. P/CIP, NCoA-1 and CBP all contain related leucine-rich charged helical interaction motifs that are required for receptor-specific mechanisms of gene activation, and allow the selective inhibition of distinct signal-transduction pathways.
- CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 13
- ST transcription factor pCIP CBP **nuclear receptor; hormone receptor** transcription factor pCIP CBP; human transcription factor pCIP NCoA2 sequence; cDNA sequence transcription factor pCIP NCoA2

IT Progesterone receptors
 Thyroid **hormone receptors**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
 (Biological study)
 (p/CIP requirement for action of; transcriptional co-activator p/CIP
 binds CBP and mediates **nuclear-receptor** function)

IT ERE (estrogen-responsive element)
 TRE (thyroid **hormone**-response element)
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (transcriptional co-activator p/CIP binds CBP and mediates
nuclear-receptor function)

IT 193488-33-4 193488-34-5
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR
 (Biological
 process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (amino acid sequence; transcriptional co-activator p/CIP binds CBP and
 mediates nuclear-receptor function)

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:607636 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:294320

TITLE: The **nuclear hormone**

receptor coactivator SRC-1 is a specific
 target of p300

AUTHOR(S): Yao, Pso-Pang; Ku, Gregory; Zhou, Naidong; Scully,
 Ralph; Livingston, David M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Harvard Medical School,
 Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1996), 93(20),
 10626-10631

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB P300 and its family member, CREB-binding protein (CBP), function as key
 transcriptional coactivators by virtue of their interaction with the
 activated forms of certain transcription factors. In a search for addnl.
 cellular targets of p300/CBP, a protein-protein cloning strategy,
 surprisingly identified SRC-1, a coactivator involved in nuclear hormone
 receptor protein. P300 and SRC-1 interact, specifically, in vitro and
 they also form complexes in vivo. Moreover, we show that SRC-1 encodes a
 new member of the basic helix-loop-PAS domain family and that it phys.
 interacts with the retinoic acid receptor in response to hormone binding.
 Together, these results implicate p300 as a component of the retinoic

acid
 signaling pathway, operating, in part, through specific interaction with
 a
 nuclear hormone receptor coactivator, SRC-1.

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13

IT Ribonucleic acid formation factors

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PRP
 (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(gene mSRC-1; sequence of **nuclear hormone**
receptor coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target
 of p300)

IT Gene, animal

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);

PROC (Process)
 (mSRC-1; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 and which which is a specific target of p300)

IT Protein sequences
 (of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT Proteins, biological studies
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (p300; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 and which which is a specific target of p300)

IT Mouse
 (sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT Deoxyribonucleic acid sequences
 (complementary, for **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT **Receptors**
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (retinoic acid, **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 interaction with retinoic acid **receptor** in response to **hormone** binding)

IT **183147-89-9**
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (amino acid sequence; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT **180009-17-0**
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (nucleotide sequence; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:444296 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:160156

TITLE: Molecular cloning and properties of a full-length putative thyroid hormone receptor coactivator

AUTHOR(S): Takeshita, Akira; Yen, Paul M.; Misiti, Silvia; Cardona, Guemalli R.; Liu, Ying; Chin, William W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Genetics, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Endocrinology (1996), 137(8), 3594-3597

CODEN: ENDOAO; ISSN: 0013-7227

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Thyroid hormone receptors (TRs) are ligand-dependent transcription factors

that regulate target gene transcription. The conserved carboxy-terminal region of the ligand-binding domain (AF-2) has been thought to play a crit. role in mediating ligand-dependent transactivation by the interaction with coactivator(s). Using bacterially-expressed TR as a probe, far-Western-based expression cDNA library screening identified cDNAs that encode, in part, the recently reported partial steroid receptor

coactivator-1 (SRC-1) sequence. Addnl. work, including 5' RACE, has characterized a full-length cDNA that encodes a .apprx.160 kD protein as

a putative thyroid hormone receptor coactivator (F-SRC-1). In vitro binding studies show that F-SRC-1 binds to a variety of nuclear hormone receptors in a ligand-dependent manner, along with TBP and TFIIB, suggesting that F-SRC-1 may play as role as a bridging mol. between nuclear hormone receptors and general transcription factors. Interestingly, AF-2 mutants also retain ligand-dependent interaction with F-SRC-1. Although F-SRC-1 recognizes the ligand-induced conformational changes of nuclear hormone receptors, our observations suggest that F-SRC-1 may bind directly with subregion(s) in nuclear hormone receptors other than the AF-2 region.

CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)
Section cross-reference(s): 2, 6

IT Estrogen **receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **Receptors**
Retinoid **receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(RAR-.beta. (retinoic acid **receptor** .beta.), F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **Receptors**
Retinoid **receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(RXR.beta. (retinoid X **receptor** .beta.), F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **Receptors**
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(estrogen, F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT 180191-82-6
RL: PRP (Properties)
(amino acid sequence; cloning and sequence of putative thyroid hormone receptor coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:647190 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:247190
TITLE: Identification of polypeptides that interact with
nuclear hormone receptors
INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D.; Lee, Jae Won
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): General Hospital Corp., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9410338 A1 19940511 WO 1993-US10443 19931029
W: AU, JP
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
AU 9455890 A1 19940524 AU 1994-55890 19931029
AU 685412 B2 19980122
EP 666926 A1 19950816 EP 1994-901227 19931029
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT,
SE
JP 08504325 T2 19960514 JP 1993-511358 19931029
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1992-969136 19921030
WO 1993-US10443 19931029
AB A method for detg. whether a test protein is capable of interacting with
a
nuclear hormone receptor protein based on the in vivo interaction trap
system is described. The method uses a host cell carrying a reporter
gene
under control of a protein binding site; a chimeric gene for a fusion
protein of a nuclear hormone receptor and a binding moiety capable of
specifically binding to the protein binding site; and a second chimeric
gene for a fusion protein of the test protein covalently bonded to a weak
gene activating moiety. The effect of the test protein on the level of
expression of the reporter gene is detd.: if it increases expression of
the reporter gene then this indicates its ability to interact with the
nuclear hormone receptor protein. Such an interaction may be hormone
dependent, hormone independent, or hormone sensitive. A no. of proteins
interacting with a thyroid hormone receptor were identified
using a fusion protein of the receptor and the lexA protein and a fusion
protein of the candidate with the weak B42 activation domain to activate
expression of the LEU2 gene.
IC ICM C12Q001-00
ICS G01N033-53; A61K037-24; A61K037-36; C07K013-00
CC 2-1 (Mammalian Hormones)
Section cross-reference(s): 3, 9
ST **nuclear hormone receptor** binding protein
assay
IT Gene, animal
RL: ANST (Analytical study)
(cDNA, for proteins interacting with **nuclear hormone**
receptors, identification and cloning of)
IT **Hormone receptors**
Thyroid **hormone receptors**
RL: ANST (Analytical study)
(**nuclear**, peptides interacting with, methods for
identification of, interaction trap system for)
IT Antibodies
RL: ANST (Analytical study)
(to polypeptides interacting with **nuclear** thyroid
hormone receptor)
IT Gene
RL: ANST (Analytical study)
(chimeric, for **nuclear hormone receptors**
and transcription activators, in identification of **receptor**
-binding peptides)
IT **Receptors**
RL: ANST (Analytical study)
(**hormone**, **nuclear**, peptides interacting with,
methods for identification of, interaction trap system for)

IT **Receptors**

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(thyroid hormone, nuclear, peptides interacting with, methods for identification of, interaction trap system for)

IT 158105-03-4, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S309a-(human)
 158105-04-5, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S223a-fragment (human) 158105-05-6, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S110a-fragment (human) 158124-33-5, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S110a-(human) 158163-11-2, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S101a (human) 158163-19-0, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S205a (human) 158163-20-3, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S107a-(human) 158163-28-1 158163-29-2
 158163-30-5 158708-22-6 158708-23-7 158708-24-8 158708-25-9
 158708-26-0 158708-27-1 158708-28-2 158708-29-3 158708-30-6
 158708-31-7 158708-32-8 158708-33-9 158708-34-0 158708-35-1
 158708-36-2 158708-37-3 158708-38-4 158708-39-5 158708-40-8

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(amino acid sequence of and cloning of cDNA for, interaction trap system in)

=> fil reg

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 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 JAN 2000 HIGHEST RN 252213-30-2

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 13, 1999

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 5.0 (Windows Only) SEE NEWS MESSAGE FOR DETAILS.

=> d l16 sqide 1-19

seo's from L10 & L11

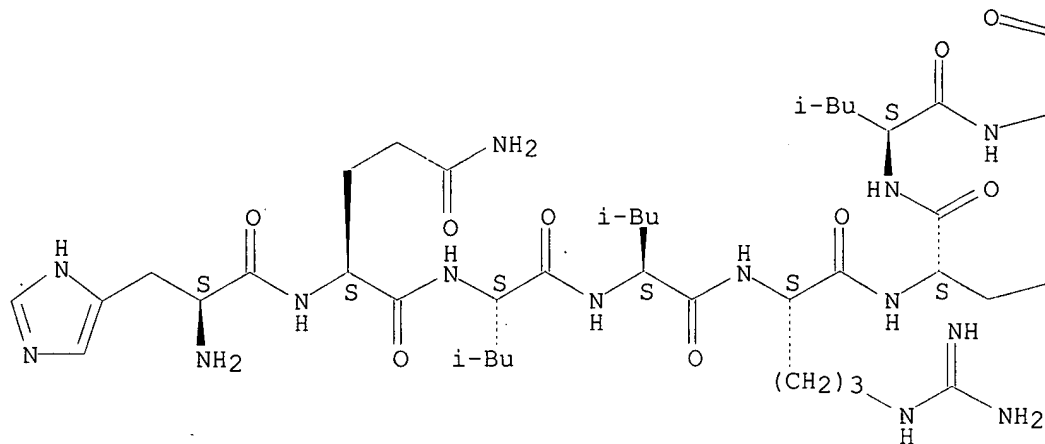
L16 ANSWER 1 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
 RN 225916-33-6 REGISTRY
 CN L-Aspartic acid, L-histidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH
 SQL 11

SEQ 1 HQLLRYLDDK D
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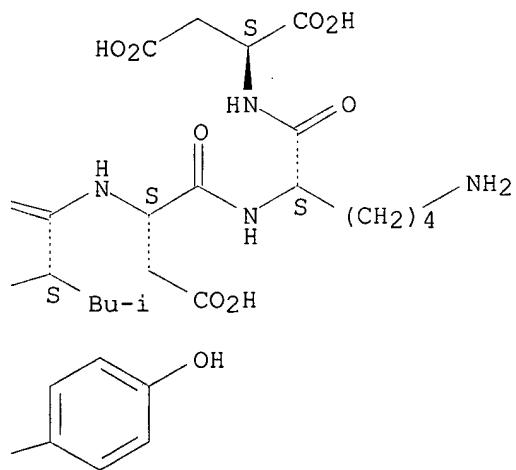
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 MF C64 H104 N18 O18
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
RN 218134-64-6 REGISTRY
CN 562-808-Transcription factor NCoA-2 (nuclear receptor co-activator 2)
(mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
SQL 247

SEQ 1 LQNSPVNMNP PPLSKMGSLD SKDCFGLYGE PSKGTGQAE ASCHPKKQKG
51 PNDSSMPQAA SGDRAEGHSR LHDSKGQTKL LQLLTTKSDQ MEPSPLPSSL
101 SDTNKDSTGS LPGPGSTHGT SLKEKHKILH RLLQDSSSPV DLAKLTAEAT
151 GKELSQESSS TAPGSEVTVK QEPASPKKKE NALLRYLLDK DDTKDIGLPE

201 ITPKLERLDS KTDPASNTKL IANKTVKEEV SFEPDQPGS ELDNLEE

HITS AT: 183-190

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 218134-63-5 REGISTRY

CN 680-740-Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein)
(mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 161

SEQ 1 SNSRDPQVKK ESKESSGEVS ETPRGPLESK GHKKLLQLLT CSSDDRGHSS
51 LTNSPLDPMC KDSSSVSTSP SGVSSSTSGT VSSTSNVRGS LLQEKMRILH
101 KLLQNGNSPA EVAKITAEAT GKDTSSSTASC GEGTTRQEQL SPKKKKNNAL

151 LRYLLDRDDP S

HITS AT: 150-156

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 218134-62-4 REGISTRY

CN 591-803-Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein)
(mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 213

SEQ 1 SKESSGEVSE TPRGPLESKG HKKLLQLLTC SSDDRGHSSL TNSPLDPMCK
51 DSSSVSTSPS GVSSSTSGTV SSTSNNVRGSL LQEKMRILHK LLQNGNSPAE
101 VAKITAEATG KDTSSSTASCG EGTTRQEQLS PPKKKNNALL RYLLDRDDPS

151 DVLAKELQPQ ADSDGSKLSQ CSCSTNPSSG QEKDPKIKTE TNDEVSGDL

201 NLDAILGDLT SSD

HITS AT: 139-145

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
 RN 218134-59-9 REGISTRY
 CN 78-1115-Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein)
 (mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
 SQL 1038

SEQ 1 RQIRQIKEQG KTISSDDDVQ KADVSSTGQG VIDKDSLGPL LLQALDGFLE
 51 VVNRDGNIVF VSKNVTQYLQ YKQEDLVNTS VYSILMEPRR KDFLNTYQNP
 101 QLMEFLGLMR TRDKKAPYIL IVRMLMKTHD ILKDVNASPE TRQRYETMQC
 151 FALSQPRAML EGEDLQCCM ICVARRVTAP FPSSPESFIT RHDLSGKVVN
 201 IDTNSLRSSM RPFEDIIRR CIQRFFSLND QQSWSQKRHY QEAYVHGHA
 251 TPVYRFLAD GTIVSAQTKS KLFRNPVTND RHGFISTHFL QREQNGYRPN
 301 PIPQDKGIRP PAAGCGVSMS PNQNVQMMGS RTYGVDPDSN TGQMGGARYG
 351 ASSSVASLTP GQSLQSPSSY QNSSYGLSMS SPPHGSPGLG PNQQNIMISP
 401 RNRGSPKNAS HQFSPAAGAH SPMGPGSNTG SHSFSSSSLS ALQAISEGVG
 451 TSLLSTLSSP GPKLDNSPNM NISQPSKVSG QDSKSPLGLY CEQNPVESSV
 501 CQNSNRDPQV KKESSKESGE VSETPRGPLE SKGHKKLLQL LTCSSDDRGH
 551 SSLTNSPLDP MCKDSSVSVT SPSGVSSSTS GTVSSTSNVR GSLLQEKMRI
 601 LHKLLQNGNS PAEVAKITAE ATGKDTSTA SCGEGTTRQE QLSPKKKKNN
 651 ALLRYLLDRD DPSDVLAKEL QPQADSGDSK LSQCSCSTNP SSGQEKDPKI
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 701 KTETNDEVSG DLDNLDAILG DLTSSDFYNN PTNGGHPGAK QQMFAGPSSL
 751 GLRSPQFVQS VRPPYNRAVS LDSPVSVGSG PPVKNVSAFP GLPKQPILAG
 801 NFRMMDSQKN YGANNGPNRN VPVNPTSSPG DWGLANSRAS RMEPLASSPL
 851 GRTGADYSAT LPRPAHGGSV PTLPLRSNRL PGARPSLQQQ QQQQQQQQQQ
 901 QQQQQQQQQQ MLQMRTGEIP MGMGVNPYSP AVQSNQPGSW PEGMLSMEQG
 951 PHGSQNRPLL RNSLDDLLGP PSNAEQSDE RALLDQLHTF LSNTDATGLE
 1001 EIDRALGIPE LVNQGALES KQDVFGQGEA AVMMDQKA

HITS AT: 652-658

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
 RN 216067-47-9 REGISTRY
 CN Transcription factor TIF2 (rat reduced) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN Coactivator TIF2 (rat reduced)
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
 SQL 1465

SEQ 1 MSGMGENTSD PSRAETRKRK ECPDQLGPSP KRSTEKRNRE QENKYIEELA
 51 ELIFANFNDI DNFNFKPKDC AILKETVKQI RQIKEQEKA AANIDEVQKS
 101 DVSSTGQVI DKDALGPMML EALDGFFV NLEGNVVFVS ENVTQYLRYN
 151 QEELMNKSVY SILHVGDHTE FVKNLLPKSM VNGGSWTGEP PRRNSHTFNC
 201 RMLVKPLPDS EEEGHDNQE HOKYETMQCF AVSQPKSIKE EGEDKQSCLI
 251 CVARRVPMKE RPALPSSESF TTRQDLQGI TFLDTSTMRD AMKPGWEDLV
 301 RRCIQKFHTQ HEGESLSYAK RHHHEVLRQG LAFSQIYRFS LSDGTLVAAQ
 351 TSKSLIRSQT TNEPQLVISI HMLHREQNVC VMNPDLTGQA MGKPLSPMSS
 401 SSPARQAMCS GNPQDVALG SNMNFPMNGP REQMSMPMGR FGGSGGMNHV
 451 SGMQATTPOG SNYALKMNSP SQSSPGLNPG QPSSVLSPRH RMSPGVAGSP

501 RVPPSQFSPA GSLHSPAGVC SSTGNSHSYT NSSLNALQAL SEGHSVSLGP
 551 SLASPDLMKG NSQNSPVNMN PPPLSKMGSL DSKDCFGLYG EPSEGTGQA
 601 QASCHPEEQK RPNDSMPQA ASEDRAEGHS RLHESKGQTK LLQLLTTKSD
 651 QMEPSPLPSS LSDTNKDSTG SLPGPGSTHG TSLKEKHKIL HRLLDSSSP
 701 VDLAKLTAEA TGKELNQESS GTAPGSEVTV KQEPASPKKK ENALLRYLLD

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751 KDDTKDIGLP EITPKLERLD SKTDPASNTK LIAMKTVKEE VSFEPDQPG

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801 SELDNLEEIL DDLQNSQLPQ LFPDTRPGAP TGSVDKQAI NDLMQLTADS
 851 SPVTPVGAQK AALRMSQSTF NNPRPGQLGR LLPNQNLPLD ITLQSPTGAG
 901 PFPPIRNSSP YSVIPQPGMM GNQGMGSGQ NLGNNSTGMI GSSTSRSSMP
 951 SGEWAPQSPA VRVTCATTG AMNRPIQGGM IRNPTASIPM RANSQPGQRQ
 1001 MLQPQVMNIG PSELEMMMG PYNQQQAPP NQTAPWPESI LPIDQASFGS
 1051 QNRHPFGSSP DDLLCPHPAA ESPSDEGALL DQLYLALRNF DGLEEIDRAL
 1101 GIPELVSSQ AVDPQFSSQ ESSMMLEQKP PVFPQQYASQ TQMAQGSYNP
 1151 MQDPNFHTMG QRPNYTTLRM QPRPGLRPTG IVQNQPNQLR LQLQHRLQAO
 1201 QNRQPLMNQI SGVSNVNLTL RGPVPTQAPI NAQMLAQQR EILNQHLRQR
 1251 QMHQQQQVQQ RTLMMRGQGL NMTPSMVAPT GLPAAMSNPR IPQANAQQFP
 1301 FPPNYGISQQ PDPGFTGATT PQSPLMSPRM AHTQSPMMQQ SQANPAYQPA
 1351 SDINGWAQGS MGGNSMFSQQ SPPHFGQQAN TSMYNNNMNI NVSMATNTAG
 1401 LSNMNQMTGQ MSMTSVTSVP TSGLSSMGPE QVNDPALRGS SLFTTNQLPG
 1451 MDMIKQEGDG SRKYC

HITS AT: 744-751

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 215598-57-5 REGISTRY

CN L-Threonine, L-prolyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alanyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-seryl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

SQL 14

SEQ 1 PQAQKSLLO QLLT

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HITS AT: 1-14

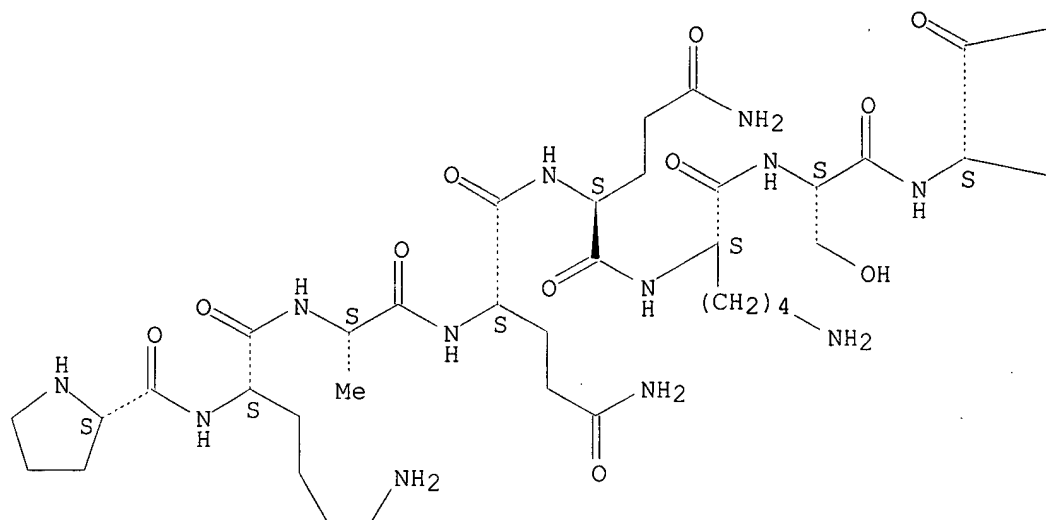
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SR CA

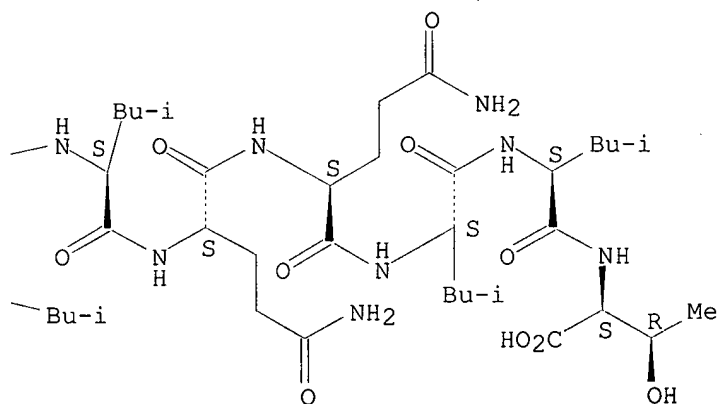
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 2-A



2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 8 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
RN 202486-20-2 REGISTRY
CN 624-869-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA
INDEX

NAME)
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
SQL 246

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP
51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT
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HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 9 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
RN 202486-19-9 REGISTRY
CN 624-1010-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 387

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP
51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT
=====

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
RN 202486-18-8 REGISTRY
CN 624-1179-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 556

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP

51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT

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151 DPASNTKLIA MKTEKEEMSF EPGDQPGSEL DNLEEILDDL QNSQLPQLFP
201 DTRPGAPAGS VDKQAIINDL MQLTAENSPV TPVGAQKTAL RISQSTFNNP
251 RPGQLGRLLP NQNLPLDITL QSPTGAGPFP PIRNSSPYSV IPQPGMMGNQ
301 GMIGNQGNLG NSSTGMIGNS ASRPTMPSGE WAPQSSAVRV TCAATTSAMN
351 RPVQGGMIRN PAASIPMRPS SQPGQRQTLQ SQVMNIGPSE LEMNMGGPQY
401 SQQQAPPNQT APWPESILPI DQASFASQNR QPFGSSPDDL LCPHPAAESP
451 SDEGALLDQL YLALRNFDGL EEIDRALGIP ELVSQSQAVD PEQFSSQDSN
501 IMLEQKAPVF PQQYASQAQM AQGSYSMPQD PNFHTMGQRP SYATLRMQPR
551 PGLRPT

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 11 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 202486-16-6 REGISTRY

CN 624-1287-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 664

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP
51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT

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151 DPASNTKLIA MKTEKEEMSF EPGDQPGSEL DNLEEILDDL QNSQLPQLFP
201 DTRPGAPAGS VDKQAIINDL MQLTAENSPV TPVGAQKTAL RISQSTFNNP
251 RPGQLGRLLP NQNLPLDITL QSPTGAGPFP PIRNSSPYSV IPQPGMMGNQ
301 GMIGNQGNLG NSSTGMIGNS ASRPTMPSGE WAPQSSAVRV TCAATTSAMN
351 RPVQGGMIRN PAASIPMRPS SQPGQRQTLQ SQVMNIGPSE LEMNMGGPQY
401 SQQQAPPNQT APWPESILPI DQASFASQNR QPFGSSPDDL LCPHPAAESP
451 SDEGALLDQL YLALRNFDGL EEIDRALGIP ELVSQSQAVD PEQFSSQDSN
501 IMLEQKAPVF PQQYASQAQM AQGSYSMPQD PNFHTMGQRP SYATLRMQPR
551 PGLRPTGLVQ NQPNQLRLQL QHRLQAQQR QPLMNQISNV SNVNLTLRPG
601 VPTQAPINAQ MLAQRQREIL NQHLRQRQMH QQQQVQQRTL MMRGQGLNMT
651 PSMVAPSGMP ATMS

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 12 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 202486-14-4 REGISTRY

CN 624-1131-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 508


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SEQ      1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP
      51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA
     101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT
           =====
     151 DPASNTKLIA MKTEKEEMSF EPGDQPGSEL DNLEEILDDL QNSQLPQLFP
     201 DTRPGAPAGS VDKQAIINDL MQLTAENSPV TPVGAQKTAL RISQSTFNNP
     251 RPGQLGRLLP NQNLPLDITL QSPTGAGPFP PIRNSSPYSV IPQPGMMGNQ
     301 GMIGNQGNLG NSSTGMIGNS ASRPTMPSGE WAPQSSAVRV TCAATTSAMN
     351 RPVQGGMIRN PAASIPMRPS SQPGQRQTLQ SQVMNIGPSE LEMNMGGPQY
     401 SQQQAPPNQT APWPESILPI DQASFASQNR QPFGSSPDDL LCPHPAAESP
     451 SDEGALLDQL YLALRNFDGL EEIDRALGIP ELVSQSQAVD PEQFSSQDSN
     501 IMLEQKAP
  
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HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 13 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 202486-13-3 REGISTRY

CN Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank X97674-derived protein GI 1877215

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 1464

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SEQ      1 MSGMGENTSD PSRAETRKRK ECPDQLGPSP KRNTEKRNRE QENKYIEELA
      51 ELIFANFN DI DNFNFKPDKC AILKETVKQI RQIKEQEKA AANIDEVQKS
     101 DVSSTGQGVI DKDALGPMML EALDGFFV NLEGNVVFVS ENVTQYLRYN
     151 QEELMNKSVY SILHVG DTE FVKNLLPKSI VNGGSWSGEP PRNSHTFNC
     201 RMLVKPLPDS EEEGHDNQA HQKYETMQCF AVSQPKSIKE EGEDLQSCLI
     251 CVARRVPMKE RPVLPSSESF TTRQDLQGI TSLDTSTMRA AMKPGWEDLV
     301 RRCIQKFHAQ HEGESVSYAK RHHHEVLRQG LAFSQIYRFS LSDGTLVAAQ
     351 TSKSLIRSQT TNEPQLVISL HMLHREQNVC VMNPDLTGQT MGKPLNPIS
     401 NSPAHQALCS GNPQDMTSL SNINFPI NGP KEQMGMMPMGR FGGSGGMNHV
     451 SGMQATTPQG SNYALKMNSP SQSSPGMNPQ QPTSMLSPRH RMSPGVAGSP
     501 RIPPSQFSPA GSLHSPVGVC SSTGNSHSYT NSSLNALQAL SEG HGVSLGS
     551 SLASPD LKMG NLQNSPVNMN PPPLSKMGSL DSKDCFGLYG EPSEGT TGQA
     601 ESSCHPGEQK ETNDPNLPPA VSSERADGQS RLHDSKGQTK LLQLLTTKSD
     651 QMEPSPLASS LSDTNKDSTG SLPGSGSTHG TSLKEKHKIL HRL LQDSSSP
     701 VDLAKLTAEA TGK DLSQESS STAPGSEVTI KQEPVSPKKK ENALLRYLLD
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     751 KDDTKDIGLP EITPKLERLD SKTDPASNTK LIAMKTEKEE MSFEPGDQPG
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     801 SELDNLEEIL DDLQNSQLPQ LFPDTRPGAP AGSVDKQAI NDLMQLTAEN
     851 SPVTPVGAQK TALRISQSTF NNPRPGQLGR LLPNQNLPLD ITLQSPTGAG
     901 PFPPIRNSSP YSVIPQPGMM GNQGMIGNQG NLGNSSTGMI GNSASRPTMP
     951 SGEWAPQSSA VRVTCAATTS AMNRPVQGGM IRNPAASIPM RPSSQPGQRQ
    1001 TLQSQVMNIG PSELEMNMGG PQYSQQQAPP NQTAPWPESI LPIDQASFAS
    1051 QNRQPFQSSP DDLLCPHPAA ESPSDEGALL DQYLALRNF DGLEEIDRAL
    1101 GIPELVQSQ AVDPEQFSSQ DSNIMLEQKA PVFPQQYASQ AQMAQGSYSP
    1151 MQDPNFHTMG QRPSYATLRM QPRPGLRPTG LVQNQPNQLR LQLQHR LQAQ
    1201 QNRQPLMNQI SNVSNVNLTL RPGVPTQAPI NAQMLAQRQR EILNQHLRQR
    1251 QMHQQQQVQQ RTLMMRGQGL NMTPSMVAPS GMPATMSNPR IPQANAQQQFP
    1301 FPPNYGISQQ PDPGFTGATT PQSPLMSPRM AHTQSPMMQ SQANPAYQAP
  
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1351 SDINGWAQGN MGGNSMFSSQ SPPHFGQQAN TSMYSNNMNI NVSMATNTGG
 1401 MSSMNQMTGQ ISMTSVTSVP TSGLSSMGPE QVNDPALRGG NLFPNQLPGM
 1451 DMIKQEGDIT RKYC
 HITS AT: 744-751
 MF Unspecified
 CI MAN
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 14 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
 RN 200222-66-8 REGISTRY
 CN Transcription factor TRAM-1 (thyroid hormone receptor activator molecule
 1) (human) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 OTHER NAMES:
 CN GenBank AF016031-derived protein GI 2584880
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
 SQL 1424

SEQ 1 MSGLGENLDP LASDSRKRKL PCDTPGQGLT CSGEKRRREQ ESKYIEELAE
 51 LISANLSDID NFNVKPDKCA ILKETVRQIR QIKEQGKTIS NDDDVQKADV
 101 SSTGQGVIDK DSLGPLLLQA LDGFLFVVR DGNIVFVSEN VTQYLQYKQE
 151 DLVNTSVYNI LHEEDRKDFL KNLPKSTVNG VSWTNETQRQ KSHTFNCRLM
 201 MKTPHDILED INASPEMRQR YETMQCFALS QPRAMMEEGE DLQSCMICVA
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 451 PSSYQNNNYG LNMSSPPHGS PGLAPNQNI MISPRNRGSP KIASHQFSPV
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 751 LSKELQPQVE GVDNKMSQCT SSTIPSSSQE KDPKIKTETS EEGSGDLNL
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 851 PYNRAVSLDS PVSVGSSPPV KNISAFPLP KQPMGLGNPR MMDSQENYGS
 901 SMGGPNRNVV VTQTPSSGDW GLPNSKAGRM EPMNSNSMGR PGGDYNTSLP
 951 RPALGGS IPT LPLRSNSIPG ARPVLQOQQQ MLQMRPGEIP MGMGANPYGQ
 1001 AAASNQLGSW PDGMLSMEQV SHGTQNRPLL RNSLDDLVP PSNLEGQSD
 1051 RALLDQLHTL LSNTDATGLE EIDRALGIPE LVNQQALEP KQDAFQGGQA
 1101 AVMMDDQKAGL YGQTYPAQGP PMQGGFHLQ QSPSFNSMMN QMNQQGNFPL
 1151 QGMHPRANIM RPRTNTPKQL RMQLQRLQG QQFLNQSRQA LELKMNPTA
 1201 GGAAMVRPMM QPQVSSQGGF LNAQMVAQRS RELLSHHFRQ QRVAMMMQQQ
 1251 QQQQQQQQQQ QQQQQQQQQQ QQQQQQTQAF SPPPNVTASP SMDGLLAGPT
 1301 MPQAPPQQFP YQPNYGMGQQ PDPAFGRVSS PPNAMMSSRM GPSQNPMQHQ
 1351 PQAASIYQSS EMKGWPSGNL ARNSSFSQQQ FAHQGNPAVY SMVHMNGSSG
 1401 HMQQMNMNPM PMSGMPMGPD QKYC

HITS AT: 737-743
 MF Unspecified
 CI MAN
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 15 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
 RN 193488-34-5 REGISTRY
 CN Transcription factor NCoA-2 (nuclear receptor coactivator 2) (mouse)
 (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
 SQL 1463

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SEQ      1 MSGNGENTSD FSRAETRKRK ECPDQLGPSP KRSTEKRNRE QENKYIEELA
      51 ELIFANFNDI DNFNFKPDKC AILKETVKQI RQIKEQEKAA AANIDEVQKS
     101 DVSSTGQGI DKDALGPMML EALDGGFFV NLEGSVVFV RNVTQYLRYN
     151 QEELMNKSVY SILHVGDHTE FVKNLLPKSM VNGGSWSGEP PRRSHTFNC
     201 RMLVKPLPDS EEEGHDSQEA HQKYEAMQCF AVSQPKSIKE EGEDLQSLI
     251 VWHEDPHEGK TNSSLIRKLY HPPGPPRQDH FTGHHYHESR HEAGLGRSGK
     301 KDAFRSSTHS MKGSLYHMPR RHHHEVLRQG LAFSQIYRFS LSDGTLVAAQ
     351 TSKSLIRSQT TNEPQLVISL HMLHREQNVC VMNPDLTGQA MGKPLNPISS
     401 SSPAHQALCS GNPQDWTLS SNINFPMNGP KIQMGMPMGR FGGSGGMNHV
     451 SGMQATTPQG SNYALKNNSP SQSSFGMNPQ QASSVLSPRQ RMSPGVAGSP
     501 RIFFSQFSPA GNLHSPVGVG SSTGNSHSYT NSSLNALQAL SEGHHVSLGS
     551 SLASPDLMKG NLQNSPVNMN PPPLSKMGS LSKDCFGLYG EPSKGTGQA
     601 EASCHPKKQK GPNDSSMPQA ASGDRAEGHS RLHDSKGQTK LLQLLTTKSD
     651 QMEPSPLPSS LSDTNKDSTG SLPGPGSTHG TSLKEKHKIL HRLLDSSSP
     701 VDLAKLTAEA TGKELSQESS STAPGSEVTV KQEPASPKKK ENALLRYLLD
                                     =====
      751 KDDTKDIGLP EITPKLERLD SKTDPASNTK LIANKTVKEE VSFEPSDQPG
      =
     801 SELDNLEEIL DDLQNSQLPQ LFPDTRPQAP TGSVDKQAI NDLMQLTADS
     851 SPVPPAGAOK AALCMSQSSF NNPRPGQLGR LLPYQNLPLD ITLQSPGTAG
     901 PFPPIRNSSP YSVIPQFGMN GNQGMGSGQ NLGNNSTGMI GSSTSRPSMP
     951 SGEWAPQSTS CESTLVLLPL VPRTDQSKEA RFGNFTASIP MGANSQLGQR
    1001 QMLQSQVMNI GPSELEMNMG GPQYNQQQAP PNQTAPWPES ILPIDQASFA
    1051 SQNRQPFSS PDDLCPHPA AESPSDEGAL LDQLYLALRN FDGLEEIDRA
    1101 LGIPELVQS QAVDAEQFSS QESSIMLEQK PPVFPQQYAS QAQMAQGGYN
    1151 PNQDFNFHTM QORPNYTTLR MQPRPGLRPT GIVQNQPNQL RLQLQHRLQA
    1201 QQNRQPLMNQ ISSVSNVNL LRFQVPTQAP INAQMLAQRQ REILNQHLRQ
    1251 ROMQQQVQR TLMRGQGLN VTPSMVAPAG LPAAMSNPRI PQANAQQFPP
    1301 PPNYGISQPP DPGFTGATTP QSPMLSPRNA HTQSPMWQSS QANPAYQPTS
    1351 DNNGWAQGSN GGNSNPSQS PPFGQQANT SMYSNNMNIS VSMATNTGGL
    1401 SSMNQMTGQM SMTSVTSVPT SGLPSMGPEQ VNDPALRGGN LFPNQLLGMD
    1451 MIKQEGDASR KYC

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HITS AT: 744-751

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 16 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
 RN 193488-33-4 REGISTRY
 CN Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein) (mouse)
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE
 SQL 1402

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SEQ      1 MSGLGESSL PLAAESRKRK LPCDAPGQGL VYSGEKWRRE QESKYIKKLA

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51 ELISANLSDI DNFNVKPKDC AILKETVRQI RQIKEQGKTI SSDDDVQKAD
101 VSSTGQGVID KDSLGLLLQ ALDGFLFVFN RDGNIVFVSK NVTQYLQYKQ
151 EDLVNTSVYS ILMEPRRKDF LNTYQNPQLM EFLGLMRTRD KKAPYILIVR
201 MLMKTHDILK DVNASPETRO RYETMQCFAL SQPRAMLEEG EDLQCCMICV
251 ARRVTAFFPS SPESFITRHD LSGKVVNIDT NSLRSSMRPG FEDIIRRCIQ
301 RFFSLNDGQS WSQKRHYQEA YVHGHAETPV YRFSADGTI VSAQTKSKLF
351 RNPVTNDRHG FISTHFLQRE QNGYRPNPIP QDKGIRPPAA GCGVSMSPNQ
401 NVQMMGSRTY GVPDPSNTGQ MGGARYGASS SVASLTGQGS LQSPSSYQNS
451 SYGLSMSSPP HGSPGLGPNQ QNIMISPRNR GSPKNASHQF SPAAGAHSPM
501 GPSGNTGSHS FSSSSLSALQ AISEGVGTSL LSTLSSPGPK LDNSPNMNIS
551 QPSKVSGQDS KSPLGLYCEQ NPVESSVCQS NSRDPQVKKE SKESSGEVSE
601 TPRGPLESKG HKKLLQLLTC SSDDRGHSSL TNSPLDPMCK DSSVSVTSPS
651 GVSSSTSGTV SSTSNNVRGSL LQEKMRILHK LLQNGNSPAE VAKITAEATG
701 KDTSSSTASC EGTTRQEQLS PKKKKNNALL RYLLDRDDPS DVLAKELQPQ

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751 ADSGDSKLSQ CSCSTNPSSG QEKDPKIKTE TNDEVSGDLD NLDAILGDLT
801 SSDFYNNPTN GGHPGAKQOM FAGPSSLGLR SPQFVQSVRP PYNRAVSLDS
851 PVSVGSGPPV KNVSAPFGLP KQPILAGNFR MMDSQKNYGA NNGPNRNVPV
901 NPTSSPGDWG LANSRASRME PLASSPLGRT GADYSATLPR PAHGGSVPTL
951 PLRSNRLPGA RPSLQQQQQQ QQQQQQQQQQ QQQQQQQMLQ MRTGEIPMG
1001 GVNYPYPAVQ SNQPGSWPEG MLSMEQGPBG SQNRPLLNS LDDLLGPPSN
1051 AEGQSDERL LDQLHTFSLN TDATGLEEID RALGIPELVN QGQALESKQD
1101 VFQGEAAVM MDQKAALYQ TYPAGQPPLO GQFNLQGGSP SFNSMMGQIS
1151 QQGSFPLQGM HPRAGLVRPR TNTPKQLRMQ LQQLRQGGQF LNQSRQALKM
1201 KMENPAGTAV MRPMMPQAFF NAQMAAQKR KLMSHHLQQQ RMAAMMSQPQ
1251 PQAFFSPPNV TASPMDGVL AGSANPQAPP QQFPYPANYG TGQPPVASLW
1301 SRLESSQCND VIKNGAFFEC HGAASSAHTH VSAFRYEGVA VREPGQEWLL
1351 PPAAVCSPGE PCSLQHGA YE QQRWALGTDG HDPHAHVWHA NGPRSEILLT
1401 SP

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HITS AT: 729-735

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 17 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 183147-89-9 REGISTRY

CN RNA formation factor (mouse gene mSRC-1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ribonucleic acid formation factor (mouse gene mSRC-1)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank U64828-derived protein GI 1490876

CN Protein SRC-1 (mouse steroid receptor coactivator-1 gene mSRC-1)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 1405

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SEQ      1 MSGGLDSSSD PANPDShKRK GSPCDTLASS TEKRRREQEN KYLEELAELL
      51 SANISDIDSL SVKPKCKIL KKTVDQIQLM KRMEQEKSTT DDDVQKSDIS
     101 SSSQGVIEKE SLGPLLLEAL DGFFVFNCE GRIVFVSENV TSYLGYNQEE
     151 LMNTSVYSIL HVGDAEFVK NLLPKSLVNG VPWPQEATRR NSHTFNCRML
     201 IHPPEDPGTE NQEACQRYEV MQCFTVSQPK SIQEDGEDFQ SCLICIARRL
     251 PRPPAITGVE SFMTKQDTTG KIISIDTSSL RAAGRTGWED LVRKCIYAFF
     301 QPQGREPSYA RQLFQEVMTG GTASSPSYRF ILNDGTMLSA HTKCKLCYPQ
     351 SPDMQPFIMG IHIIDREHSG LSPQDDNSG MSIPRINPSV NPGISPAHGV
     401 TRSSTLPPSN NNMVSARVNR QQSSDLNSSS SHTNSSNNQG NFGCSPGNQI

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451 VANVALNQGQ AGSQSSNPSL NLNNSPMEGT GIALSQFMSP RRQANSGLAT
501 RARMSNNSFP PNIPTLSSPV GITSGACNNN NRSYSNIPVT SLQGMNEGPN
551 NSVGFSAGSP VLRQMSSQNS PSRLSMQPAK AESKDSKEIA SILNEMIQSD
601 NSDNSANEGK PLDSGLLHNN DRLSEGDSKY SQTSHKLVQL LTTTAEQQLR
=====
651 HADIDTSCKD VLSCTGTSSS ASSNPSGGTC PSSHSSLTER HKILHRLLE
=====
701 GSPSDITTLS VEPEKKDSVP ASTAVSVSGQ SQGSASIKLE LDAAKKKESK
751 DHQLRLRYLLD KDEKDLRSTP NLCLDDVKVK VEKKEQMDPC NTNPTPMTKP
=====
801 APEEVKLESQ SQFTADLDQF DQLLPTLEKA AQLPSLCETD RMDGAVTGV
851 IKAENVLPASL QPTTARAAPR LSRLPELELE AIDNQFGQPG AGDQIPWANN
901 TLTTINQNKP EDQCISSQLD ELLCPPTTVE GRNDEKALLE QLVSFSLGKD
951 ETELAELDRA LGIDKLVQGG GLDVLSEFPP PQQATPPLMM EDRPTLYSQ
1001 YSSPSPTAGL SGPFQGMVRQ KPSLGAMPVQ VTPPRGTFSP NMGMQPRQTL
1051 NRPPAAPNQL RLQLQORLQG QQQLMHQNRQ AILNQFAANA PVGMNMRSGM
1101 QQQITPQPPL NAQMLAQQRQ ELYSQQHRQR QIIQQQRAML MRHQSFGNNI
1151 PPSSGLPVQM GTPRLPQGAP QQFPYPPNYG TNPPTPPAST SPFSQLAANP
1201 EASLATRSSM VNRGMAGNMG GQFGAGISPQ MQQNVFQYPG PGLVPQGEAT
1251 FAPSLSPGSS MVPMPVPPPQ SSLLQQTPTT SGYQSPDMKA WQQGTMGNNN
1301 VFSQAVQSQP APAQPGVYNN MSITVSMAGG NANIQNMNPM MGQMOMSSLO
1351 MPGMNTVCSE QMNDPALRHT GLYCNQLSST DLLKTDADGN QDKKTEEFFS
1401 VVTTD

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HITS AT: 636-644, 693-700, 752-762

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 18 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 180191-82-6 REGISTRY

CN RNA formation factor F-SRC 1 (human HeLa cell reduced) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ribonucleic acid formation factor F-SRC 1 (human HeLa cell reduced)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank U59302-derived protein GI 1480646

CN Nuclear hormone receptor coactivator protein F-SRC-1 (human HeLa cell reduced)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 1440

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SEQ      1 MSGLGDSSSD PANPDSHKRK GSPCDTLASS TEKRRREQEN KYLEELAELL
      51 SANISDIDSL SVKPDCKKIL KKTVDQIQLM KRMEQEKSTT DDDVQKSDIS
     101 SSSQGVIEKE SLGPLLLEAL DGFFVFNCE GRIVFVSENV TSYLGYNQEE
     151 LMNTSVYSIL HVGDAEFVK NLLPKSLVNG VPWPQEATR NSHTFNCRML
     201 IHPPDEPGTE NQEACQRYEV MQCFTVSQPK SIQEDGEDFQ SCLICIARRL
     251 PRPPAITGVE SFMTKQDTTG KIISIDTSSL RAAGRTGWED LVRKCIYAFF
     301 QPQGREPSYA RQLFQEVMTG GTASSPSYRF ILNDGTMLSA HTKCKLCYPQ
     351 SPDMQPFIMG IHIIDREHSG LSPQDDTNSG MSIPRVNPSV NPSISPAHGV
     401 ARSSTLPPSN SNMVSTRINR QQSSDLHSSS HSNSSNSQGS FGCSPGSQIV
     451 ANVALNQGQA SSQSSNPSLN LNNSPMEGTG ISLAQFMSPR RQVTSGLATR
     501 PRMPNNSFPP NISTLSSPVG MTSSACNNNN RSYSNIPVTS LQGMNEGPN
     551 SVGFSAASPV LRQMSSQNSP SRLNIQPAK ESKDNKEIAS ILNEMIQSDN
     601 SSSDGKPLDS GLLHNNDRLS DGDSKYSQTS HKLVQLLTTT AEQQLRHADI

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651 DTSCCKDVLSC TGTSNSASAN SSGGSCPSSH SSLTERHKIL HRLLQEGSPS
=====
701 DITTLSVEPD KKDSASTSVS VTGQVQGNSS IKLELDASKK KESKDHQLLR
=====
751 YLLDKDEKDL RSTPNLSLDD VKVKVEKKEQ MDPCNTNPTP MTKPTPEEIK
=====
801 LEAQSQFTAD LDQFDQLLPT LEKAAQLPGL CETDRMDGAV TSVTIKSEIL
851 PASLQSATAR PTSRLNRLPE LELEAIDNQF GQPGTGDQIP WTNNTVTAIN
901 QSKSEDQCIS SQLDELLCPP TTVEGRNDEK ALLEQLVSFL SGKDETELAE
951 LDRAIGIDKL VQGGGLDVLS ERFPPQQATP PLIMEERPNI YSQPYSSPSP
1001 TANLPSPFQG MVRQKPSLGT MPVQVTTPRG AFSPGGMGMP RQTLNRPPAA
1051 PNQLRLQLQQ RLQGGQQLIH QNRQAILNQF AATAPVGINM RSGMQQQITP
1101 QPPLNAQMLA QRQRELYSQ HRQRQLIQQQ RAMLMRQQSF GNNLPPSSGL
1151 PVQMGNPRLP QGAPQQFPYP PNYGTNPGRP PASTSPFSQL AANPEASLAN
1201 RNSMVSRRGT GNIGGQFGTG INPQMQQNVF QYPGAGMVPQ GEANFAPSL
1251 PGSSMVPMPI PPPQSSLLQQ TPPASGYQSP DMKAWQQGAI GNNNVFSQAV
1301 QNQPTPAQPG VYNNMSITVS MAGGNTNVQN MNPMMAMQM SSLQMPGMNT
1351 VCPEQINDPA LRHTGLYCNO LSSTDLLKTE ADGTQVQQVQ VFADVQCTVN
1401 LVGGDPYLNQ PGPLGTQKPT SGPQTPQAQQ KSLQQLLTE
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HITS AT: 632-640, 689-696, 746-756, 1426-1440

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 19 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 158163-19-0 REGISTRY

CN L-Arginine, L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-glutaminyl-L-.alpha.-

aspartyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-seryl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-

L-asparaginyl-L-seryl-L-histidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-threonyl-L-

leucyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-histidyl-L-

lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-

valyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-

cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S205a (human)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 39

SEQ 1 EDQDTSKNSK LNSHQKVTL QLLLGHKNEE NVEKNTSCR

HITS AT: 17-25

MF C186 H313 N59 O67 S

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

Pak 09/163,713